



Exercise Sheet 3.

Due: Monday, 13.10.2025, 12:00.

Exercise 1 (Cholesky decomposition). Consider a matrix $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$. Show:

- (a) There exists a lower triangular matrix $L \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ such that $A = LL^T$ if and only if A is a symmetric positive semi-definite matrix (SPSD).
- (b) If A is a symmetric positive definite matrix (SPD) and the diagonal entries of L are required to be positive, then L is unique.

Exercise 2 (Circulant matrix). Consider the circulant matrix

$$S = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & & 0 \\ & 0 & \ddots & \\ & & \ddots & 1 \\ 1 & & & 0 \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}.$$

- (a) Show that all eigenvalues from S satisfy $|\lambda| = 1$.
- (b) Apply the power method with starting vector $z_0 = e_1$. What is the k -th iteration?
- (c) Obviously, the iterations do not converge. Why is this not a contradiction to Theorem 1.14?

Exercise 3 (Eigenvalues approximation). Let $A \in \mathbb{C}^{n \times n}$ be a Hermitian matrix with eigenvalues $\lambda_1, \dots, \lambda_n$. Moreover, let $\mu \in \mathbb{R}$ and $x \in \mathbb{C}^n \setminus \{0\}$.

- (a) Show the estimate

$$\min_{1 \leq j \leq n} |\mu - \lambda_j| \leq \frac{\|Ax - \mu x\|_2}{\|x\|_2}.$$

Hint. Use the spectral theorem.

- (b) Conclude that

$$\min_{1 \leq j \leq n} |a_{k,k} - \lambda_j| \leq \left(\sum_{j \neq k} |a_{j,k}|^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}, \quad k = 1, \dots, n.$$

- (c) Apply the result from part (b) to the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & 4 & 3 \\ 4 & 6 & 3 \\ 3 & 3 & 7 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Which of the eigenvalues $\lambda_1 = 13$, $\lambda_2 = 4$, $\lambda_3 = 2$ are approximated by each of the diagonal entries according to part (b)?

Exercise 4 (Frobenius-Norm). Let $\mathbf{A} \in \mathbb{C}^{n \times n}$. The *Frobenius-norm* is defined as

$$\|\mathbf{A}\|_F := \left(\sum_{k,\ell=1}^n |a_{k,\ell}|^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}.$$

- (a) Show that $\|\mathbf{A}\|_F^2 = \text{Trace}(\mathbf{A}^* \mathbf{A})$.
- (b) Show that $\text{Trace}(\mathbf{A}\mathbf{B}) = \text{Trace}(\mathbf{B}\mathbf{A})$ holds for all $\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{B} \in \mathbb{C}^{n \times n}$.
- (c) Conclude that $\|\mathbf{Q}^* \mathbf{A} \mathbf{Q}\|_F = \|\mathbf{A}\|_F$ for all unitary matrix \mathbf{Q} .
- (d) Show that $\|\mathbf{A}\|_2 \leq \|\mathbf{A}\|_F$ holds.

Hint. Use the identity $\|\mathbf{A}\|_2 = \sqrt{\lambda_{\max}(\mathbf{A}^* \mathbf{A})}$.