



**Task 2: Hubs, Authorities und PageRank (theoretical)**

- b) Write a small program (e.g., with MATLAB, but also works with Excel) that evaluates the fix-point iteration to obtain all results.

*The following code is written for scilab (a free version of Matlab):*

```

A = [0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0;
     0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0;
     0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0;
     0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0;
     1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0;
     0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0;
     0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1;
     0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0;
     0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 1 0 0;
     0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0;
     0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0;
     0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0];
h(1:size(A,1),1) = sqrt(size(A,1))/size(A,1);
ho = zeros(size(A,1), 1);
a = h; ao = ho;
i = 0;
while (i < 100) && (norm(a-ao) > 1.0E-03)
    ao = a; ho = h;
    a = A'*ho; h = A*ao;
    a = a/norm(a); h = h/norm(h);
    i = i+1;
end
[s,auths]=gsort(a);
[s,hubs]=gsort(h);
auths
hubs

M = A'*diag(1./sum(A',1));
alpha = 0.85;
N = size(A,1);
r = ones(size(A,1), 1)./N;
ro = zeros(size(A,1), 1);
i = 0;
while (i < 100) && (norm(r-ro) > 1.0E-03)
    ro = r;
    r=(1-alpha)/N*ones(N,1)+alpha*M*ro
    i = i+1;
end
[s,ranks]=gsort(r);
ranks

```

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- c) For the example graph, determine the best hubs, authorities, and the documents with high PageRanks.

*We get the following results for our example graph:*

authority:                   6 > 10 > 2 > 5 > 1 > 11 > 4 > 7 > 3 > 12 > 8 > 9  
 hub:                         9 > 5 > 2 > 3 > 1 > 8 > 11 > 6 > 7 > 10 > 4 > 12  
 PageRank ( $\alpha = 0.85$ ): 11 > 10 > 6 > 8 > 3 > 2 > 4 > 7 > 12 > 1 > 5 > 9

- d) Apply the SALSA algorithm to the example graph. Does the order change compared to the original HITS algorithm?

*We first need to compute the matrices  $\mathbf{A}_S$  and  $\mathbf{H}_S$  (we use here the subscript to distinguish from the adjacency matrix  $\mathbf{A}$ ). This is the tricky part, especially as we want to build it with the help of the adjacency matrix  $\mathbf{A}$  from subtask a). Let  $\mathbf{W}_r$  be the matrix generated from  $\mathbf{A}$  by dividing each entry from  $\mathbf{A}$  by its row sum. Similarly, let  $\mathbf{W}_c$  be the matrix generated from  $\mathbf{A}$  by dividing each entry from  $\mathbf{A}$  by its column sum. The matrix  $\mathbf{A}_S$  is defined as:*

$$A_S(i,j) = \sum_{q:q \rightarrow p_i \wedge q \rightarrow p_j} \frac{1}{L_{in}(p_i)} \cdot \frac{1}{L_{out}(q)}$$

*As the columns in  $\mathbf{A}$  contain all incoming links, matrix  $\mathbf{W}_c$  contains the  $\frac{1}{L_{in}(p_i)}$  values and  $\mathbf{W}_r$  holds the  $\frac{1}{L_{out}(q)}$  values. We obtain  $\mathbf{A}_S = \mathbf{W}_c^T \mathbf{W}_r$  and, similarly,  $\mathbf{H}_S = \mathbf{W}_r \mathbf{W}_c^T$  ( $\rightarrow$  transform the matrix multiplication into its sum notation). The scilab code is as follows:*

```
Wr=diag(1./(sum(A,2)+1e-10))*A;
Wc=A*diag(1./(sum(A,1)+1e-10));
As=Wc'*Wr;
Hs=Wr*Wc';
h = ones(size(A,1), 1)./size(A,1);
ho = zeros(size(A,1), 1);
a = h; ao = ho;
i = 0;
while (i < 100) && (norm(a-ao)+norm(h-ho) > 1.0E-03)
    ao = a; ho = h;
    a = As'*ao; h = Hs'*ho;
    i = i+1;
end
[s,auths]=gsort(a);
[s,hubs]=gsort(h);
auths
hubs
```

**Task 2: Hubs, Authorities und PageRank (theoretical)**

- d) Apply the SALSA algorithm to the example graph. Does the order change compared to the original HITS algorithm? [continuation]

*We get the following results for our example graph:*

*authority (SALSA): 6 > 10 > 11 > 3 > 2 > 8 > 4 > 7 > 5 > 12 > 1 > 9*

*hub (SALSA): 8 > 5 > 9 > 7 > 2 > 3 > 4 > 12 > 6 > 10 > 11 > 1*

*For direct comparison, we had the following results from subtask c)*

*authority (HITS): 6 > 10 > 2 > 5 > 1 > 11 > 4 > 7 > 3 > 12 > 8 > 9*

*hub (HITS): 9 > 5 > 2 > 3 > 1 > 8 > 11 > 6 > 7 > 10 > 4 > 12*

*Discussions: SALSA works a bit differently then HITS. We see this with the authority value of node 11. With HITS, 11 has a smaller authority as it is not linked by nodes 6, 8, and 10 which are not among the best hubs. SALSA, however, assigns node 11 a high authority as it is co-linked by 8 with node 2 and 3 obtaining high shares of their authority values (and keeping a lot of its own authority as nodes 6 and 10 only link to 11). Similarly, node 8 has become a good hub as it links to the same node as the other good hubs 5 (both link to node 2) and 7 (both link to node 3).*

*Obviously, with such a small example it is difficult to assess which algorithm works better. We would need a more extensive test data set for that.*