Bernoullis Tafelrunde

GRADUATE STUDENT SEMINAR

Thursday, 8 October, 12:15-13:00 Seminarraum 00.003, Spiegelgasse 1

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Calculating Gauss norms in polynomial continued fractions

Abstract

For a monic polynomial D with integer coefficients, one may compute \sqrt{D} as a Laurent series with rational coefficients, which has a continued fraction expansion over polynomials (with rational coefficient). Abel showed that this continued fraction is periodic if and only if the corresponding polynomial Pell equation has non-trivial solutions. We can also perform this construction for D modulo an odd prime p, now with a finite base field, in which case either $D \mod p$ is square, or the continued fraction of $\sqrt{D} \mod p$ is periodic. If the original continued fraction is non-periodic, relating the two continued fractions gives information on where p appears as a denominator. Using a p-adic Gauss norm, this can be somewhat quantified, and I will give a fairly explicit description for the case deg D = 4.